



ALUMINIUM: A KEY METAL FOR THE GREEN TRANSITION

Aluminium is at the heart of Europe's green energy transition

It is used in almost all energy generation, transmission, and storage technologies: from wind and solar power to alternative fuel cells and hydrogen production to high-voltage cables and batteries. Not only is aluminium highly conductive and lightweight, but thanks to its corrosion resistance, it is also the ideal material for harsh outdoor conditions. It is easy to install, low maintenance, and durable, ticking all the boxes for renewable energy generation systems. Aluminium alloys consistently exceed other metals for mechanical stability, dampening, management, and reduced weight.



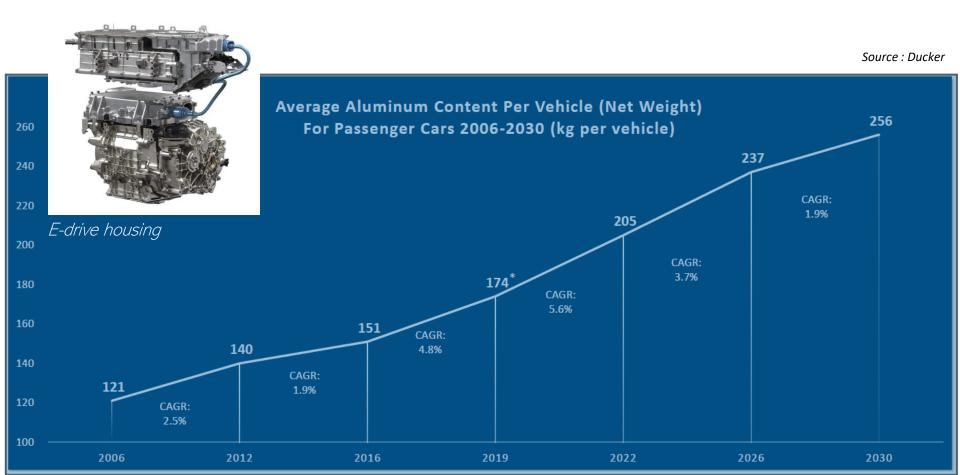
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The future of mobility is electric

Aluminium helps electric and hybrid cars stay light, which is one of the most effective ways to improve a vehicle's energy efficiency. The lighter the vehicle is, the longer it can drive on one charge. Because of its thermal management properties, aluminium is also the perfect material for battery boxes, cooling systems, and energy storage. Thanks to its high strength and durability, aluminium is the material of choice for E-drive housings, large castings...

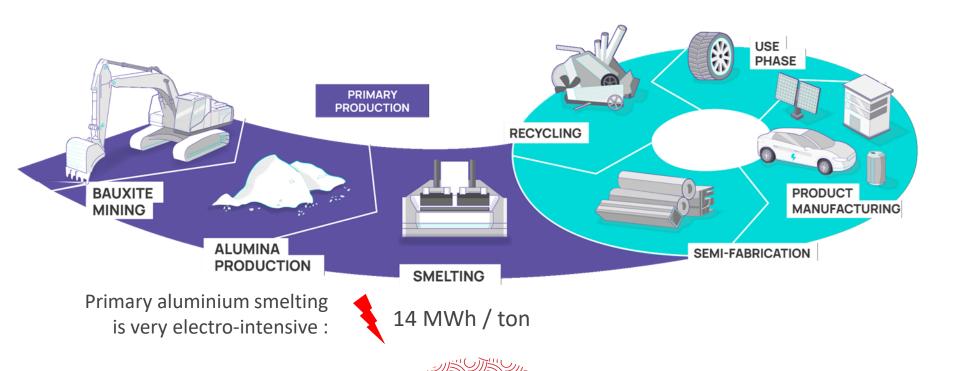
E-drive Housings +22.7 kg 2022-30 **Battery Pack** Housings +11.8 kg 2022-30 Large and mega castings in BIW will allow to decrease assembly Large/ Mega Castings complexity, reduce costs and achieve weight saving +8.4 kg 2022-30 EV Specific components drive **Ballistic Protection** tremendous aluminum content increase - their +7.0 kg 2022-30 Source: Ducker aluminum-intensity contributes to compensate **Battery Cooling Plates Aluminium France - 4** the weight of the EV battery +5.1 kg 2022-30

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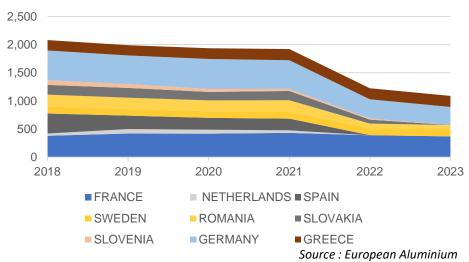


ALUMINIUM: AFTER PRIMARY PRODUCTION CIRCULAR & RECYCLABLE AT 100%

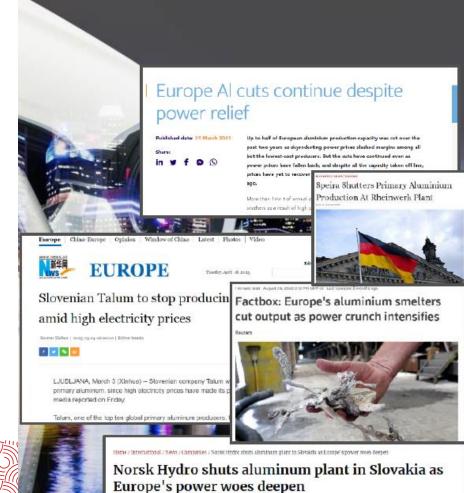


Due to the energy crisis, EU has lost half of its primary production

EU27 Primary production (2023 estim.)



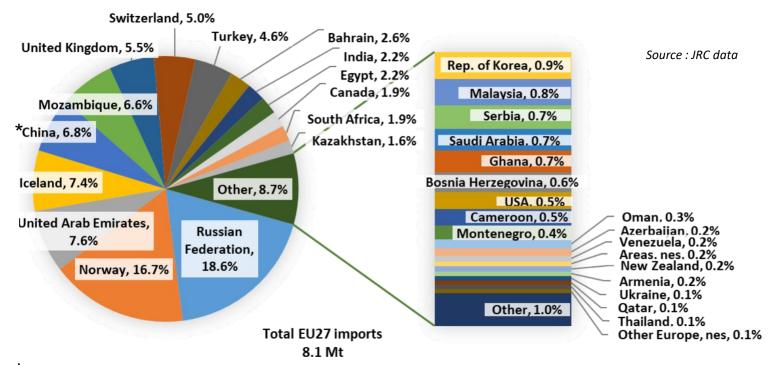
Primary producers continue to suffer severely from the energy crisis. In 2022, several smelters were fully curtailed (e.g. Spain, Netherland, Slovakia, Slovenia), or partially curtailed (Germany, France, Romania)



Aluminum is one of the most energy-intensive metals to produce, and closure of the Slovalco facility adds to growing signs of stress in Europe's industrial economy as power prices surge

MONTEL – French Energy Day 2023

And continue to import massively aluminium from outside EU27

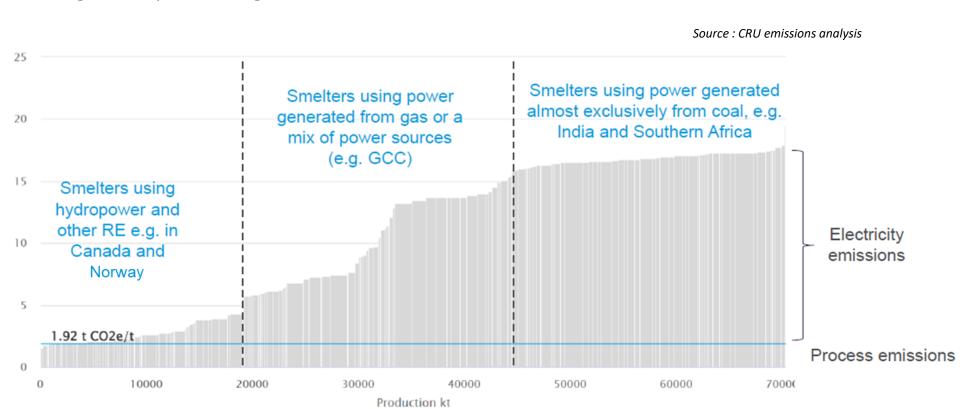


* : China represents ~60% of global Al primary production

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And continue to import massively aluminium from outside EU27

From countries where the energy mix is by far more carbonized compared to European average, mainly based on gas or coal.







Faced with these difficulties, the aluminium industry need to reinforce its partnerships to be successful

Partner with electricity producers

cPPAs: as baseload consumers, aluminium smelters have a very good vision of their long-term electricity needs. They are therefore ideal candidates for signing cPPAs directly with producers, potentially aided by state guarantees mechanisms.

Aluminum is the single most widely used material in solar power applications, including in solar frames, wires, and their support structure.

Aluminium is also used widely in on-shore and offshore wind power farms, including tower platform components, transformer stations, and turbines.





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Partner with grid operators: contributing to network balance

Capacity Mechanism

Manual Frequency Restoration Reserve (mFRR)

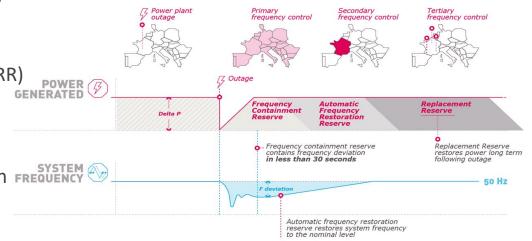
Frequency Containment Reserve (FCR)

Frequency Restoration Reserve (aFRR)

Interruptible load: Ability to interrupt

consumption in less than 5 sec for more than FREQUENCY

one hour



Thanks to aluminium's superior conductivity-to-weight ratio compared with copper, almost power systems depend on a vast grid of high-voltage aluminium wires and cables. Aluminium has been used in high-voltage transmission lines since 1945 and is the most economical way to transmit electric power today.





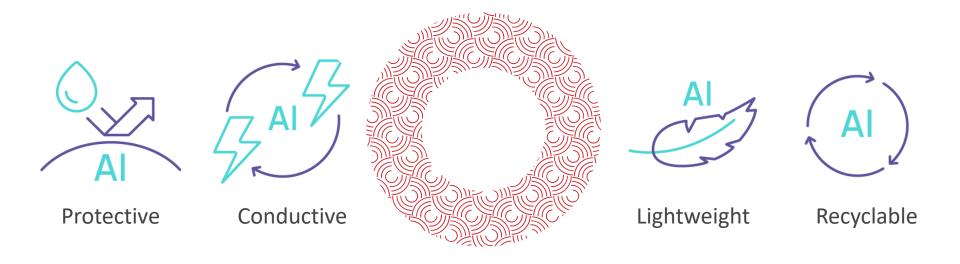
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Partner with the territory

The Dunkirk example
A coordinated implementation of
industries active in the Green
Transition in the area helps to develop
these partnerships:

- Electricity generation (2 EPRs in Gravelines, off-shore wind farm, ...)
- Pipe to collect CO₂ from the industrial sites to the port
- A hydrogen hub,
- EV batteries production and recycling facilities (using aluminium)
- Waste heat recovery...





CONCLUSION

The Green Transition is a unique opportunity for the Aluminium Industry BUT long term, competitive and decarbonized electricity is a prerequisite In order to be successful